INTERNATIONAL SCHOOLS GUIDE

By Owen Wagabaza and Conan Businge

A safe learning environment is crucial for every child. When violence is part of the educational setting, it affects the students' learning.

Even though your child may not be the victim of violence in school, there is chance that he or she will witness violent acts during the educational years.

Simon Mulongo, a security expert with Emans Frontiers Limited, says: "Children in international schools may be more prone to violence than those in other schools, the reason why every school must take security seriously."

"Most of the children in these schools are from well-to-do families including those of diplomats, expatriates and top government officials and are at times key targets to be a reason why the schools have to be securityconscious," Mulongo says.

"International schools need serious security firms, highly trained guards, high and strong perimeter fences, closed-circuit cameras (CCTV) and a good operational relationship with security agencies near them," Mulongo advises.

Yasin Yakut, the principal of Galaxy International School, says all educational institution need elaborate security plans. "We all need security experts to

"We all need security experts to periodically review our schools, to ensure they are safe before we admit students," he says.

Mulongo says a security plan should be about assessing both the human and non-human security threats. "Schools need to hire security

agencies or get security personnel; ul such as the army, intelligence or Police to help them draw up security e plans," he advises.

Human threats may include terrorism, kidnapping and vandalism. non-human attacks may include floods and fire.

Mulongo says the security of the school should go beyond its premises. One needs to plan against hijacking, accidents and other threats.

"Children and staff should also be taught how to fight back incase they are threatened," he adds.

In this era of global terrorism, safety in crowded places is paramount, especially when it comes to international schools with a broader link to the international community.

Children and staff should be taught how to fight back, when threatened

According to *True Teaching*, a website on education-related issues, accreditation to local and international bodies such as the Council of International Schools (CIS) gives assurance to parents and other stakeholders that a school's security is guaranteed.



Everyone is responsible for child safeguarding in a school

Before accreditation, CIS demands that schools meet internationally recognised standards of school safety and are rigorous in their evaluation of schools' preparedness for disasters, whether natural or man-made, the website notes.

Among the measures schools must have are security cameras, limited entry and exit zones and 24-hour foot and vehicle security monitoring. "In addition to security personnel,

"In addition to security personnel, they should also have a closedcircuit television system that records all persons entering and exiting. Students, school personnel and visitors should be screened at entry, typically through digitalised security controls that may include fingerprinting," says Peter Akandonda, an expert with a private security firm in Kampala. Visitors should also be given a

Visitors should also be given a badge which they must display to make them recognisable.

Most international schools have transport services to and from the school, but those who arrive by private means must enter and exit at a designated area and all vehicles should be registered and monitored. International schools ought to make

International schools ought to make sure that children are also protected from social, physical, moral and psychological abuse, which may be orchestrated by fellow students, teachers or support staff

teachers or support staff. This may include bullying or racism. It is here that a child protection policy comes in handy.

SAFEGUARDING POLICY

A safeguarding or child protection policy is a statement that clearly states what an organisation or group will do to keep children safe. It is a statement that sets out the organisation's commitment to protecting children.

According to Isaac Baliruno, a consultant with Edu-Consults, a child safeguarding policy should be part of the school culture so that everyone, including parents, is aware and knows the institution's standards, expectations and procedures.

Baliruno says everyone is responsible for child safeguarding in a school.

"Senior leaders have the responsibility to ensure that procedures are established and practised daily, that all staff within the school is suitably trained and the culture of the school is a proactive child safeguarding one," he says.

To make the policy effective, procedures such as code of conduct and robust reporting measures should be in place.

"This does not mean having a set of documents on a shelf. It is about having procedures that are implemented and practised every day by every single member," Baliruno emphasises.

"All members of staff should receive adequate training so that they know signs of child abuse to look for and what to do if they are suspicious.

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